

Контрольные работы 5 класс

Тест №1

THE GILBERTS

1. Look at the Gilbert family tree and complete the sentences, using the words from the box.

Samuel (54) _____ Mary (48)

a doctor

an actress

Dick (23) Chris (28) _____ Susan (25) Anna (15)

a driver

a businessman

a manager

a student

Richard (5)

- a) Samuel is Richard's ...
- b) Chris is Mary's ...
- c) Dick and Chris are ...
- d) Anna is Dick's ...
- e) Richard is Mary's ...
- f) Anna is Samuel's ...
- g) Dick is Richard's ...
- h) Chris is Susan's ...
- i) Richard is Anna's ...
- j) Susan is Chris's ...
- k) Dick and Chris are Samuel's ...
- l) Anna is Richard's ...

2. Answer the questions.

1. Who is Samuel's wife?
2. Is Chris a worker?
3. Has Anna got a niece?
4. Who is Susan's husband?
5. How old is Dick?
6. What is Mary? What is her job?

3. Choose the appropriate word.

Mr. Samuel Gilbert is a doctor. He is 54. Dr. Gilbert has got a (big, small) family. They are (seven, three) in the family. Mr. Gilbert's wife is a/an (doctor, actress). Her name is (Mary, Anna). She is 48. Samuel and Mary have got (two, three) children: two sons and a daughter. Dick is 23. He is not a (student, driver). Chris is 28. He is married to (Susan, Anna). Susan is (25, 49). She is a (manager, businessman). There is a son in Chris's family. His name is (Dick, Richard).

4. Say what the Gilberts are doing now using the following word combinations:

to jog in the park, to talk on the phone, to repair a car in the garage, to drink coffee in the living room, to meet friends, to do the shopping

- 1.
2. Samuel ...
3. His wife Mary...
4. Their daughter Anna...
5. Dick...
6. Richard...
7. Susan and Richard

5. Answer the questions about the members of your family.

1. Is your mother cooking supper now?
2. Is your father going home?
3. Is your brother (sister, cousin) swimming in the swimming pool?

Тест №2

1. Выбери правильный ответ.

- 1) Most pupils school uniform.
a) did not like to wear b) do not like to wear c) does not like to wear
- 2) Our class Local Science Museum last month.
a) visited b) visit c) will visit
- 3) Maths..... the most difficult subject next term.
a) was b) is c) will be

2. Вставь глаголы speak, tell, say.

- 1) You must the truth.
- 2) The head teacher wants to about it with our parents.
- 3) What will you about this project?
- 4) It is very difficult to French.

3. Допиши не менее 3 словосочетаний.

- 1) At the lesson a pupil should not
- 2) A teacher should.....

4. Переведи предложения.

- 1) Девочкам нравятся их новые учебники.
- 2) Вы не должны пропускать уроки английского.
- 3) Когда мы проводим каникулы за границей, мы фотографируем самые известные достопримечательности.
- 4) Катя потратила много времени убирая свою комнату.
- 5) Его младшая сестра пойдет в школу в следующем году.
- 6) Где вы собираетесь провести эти выходные?

5. Напиши письмо другу .

.....and now I am happy to begin my lessons. What form are you in? Do you have any new

subjects? What do you do at the lessons?

Looking forward to hearing from you,

Ann

6. Use each verb in Present Simple Passive, Past Simple Passive or Future Simple Passive.

1. Bread (eat) every day.
 2. The letters (receive) yesterday.
 3. Nick (send) to Moscow next week.
 4. I (give) a very interesting book at the library last Friday.
 5. Many houses (build) in our town every year.
 6. This work (do) tomorrow.
-
-

7. Read a sentence and write another sentence with the same meaning. Use the Passive Voice.

1. Thomas A. Edison invented the electric bulb in the seventeenth century.
2. They water the flowers regularly.
3. The famous ballet dancers will stage this ballet in 15 countries.
4. D. Livingstone explored the Kalahari Desert from 1841 till 1852.
5. The boys will paint the roof of the house.

Text №3

1. Read the text and answer the questions.

What is the name of the country which has volcanoes and rivers of ice, deer and sea-elephants?

It is New Zealand, called the Land of the Long White Cloud by the Maoris.

New Zealand is an island country. It is made up of three islands: the North and South Islands and Steward Island, a small land mass just to the south of (the South Island. Most of its people live in North Island, and that is where you find big volcanoes like Egmont and Tongariro and the boiling pools and geysers and lakes of bubbling mud. Auckland, Christchurch and Wellington are the biggest cities. Wellington is the capital. South Island is larger than North Island and has the highest mountains. There you can find the snow-capped Southern Alps, rising 3.764 metres to the tip of Mount Cook (named after Captain Cook, of course, because he visited the islands before sailing on westwards and discovering the eastern coast of Australia).

South Island is very beautiful with its Alps and lakes, its glaciers and fiords. Have you ever heard of Milford Sound? That is one of the most picturesque of the fiords, with cliffs rising straight up out of the water, the whole scene reflected in the water. Down there, too, are the Sunderland Falls, where water drops six hundred metres, making these falls one of the highest waterfalls in the whole world.

So you can see there is plenty to look at in New Zealand. Plenty of things to do for tourists, because New Zealand is also famous for its fishing, snow sports, mountaineering, sailing and hiking.

The climate is pleasant at all seasons, without much difference between winter and summer. New Zealand does not have the terrible heat of Australian summers; the oceans temper its climate and the mountains bring down quite a lot of rain.

What do the people do? Farm mostly. Dairy products, meat and wool are the main exports. New Zealand ranks second only to Australia as an exporter of wool. There are many factories there too, with hydro-electric stations to produce the power for them.

North Island is where you find the Maoris, the fine people who lived in these islands hundreds of years before the white man came. Most of them live near Auckland.

The Maoris, a Polynesian people, are the aborigines of New Zealand. After long stays in Indonesia and the South Pacific, which they explored for many years, they made their great journey to New Zealand about the

middle of the 14th century. They sailed in double canoes open to all weathers. They knew the winds, the ocean currents and the stars, and this earned them the name of Vikings of the Sunrise.

The capital of New Zealand since 1865, and one of its busiest ports, Wellington is at southern end of North Island, lying among hills on the western side of a natural harbour.

It is the third largest city in New Zealand.

Auckland (the former capital) is the first largest city, and Christchurch is the second.

The Maori name for Wellington Harbour means the great bay of Tara. According to Maori legend, Tara was the first Polynesian settler in this place. But Nicholson (after a Royal Navy captain) was the name given to it by the first British settlers, and it is still sometimes called by this name.

In 1839 a British officer bought the site of Wellington from the Maoris; he got it in exchange for blankets and some other unimportant things. In 1840 the first settlers arrived and called their settlement Britannia. By 1842 there were 3.700 colonists in the settlement and Britannia had become Wellington.

The kiwi is rather an unusual bird found only in New Zealand. It has no tail, almost no wings, and its nostrils are situated near the end of its bill. No other bird lays an egg so large in proportion to its size. Its egg is about one fifth of its own weight. This is a tremendous size.

In many countries. New Zealander, too, are known as Kiwis, for the bird is also the symbol of people of the two islands.

Forests of exotic pines near the centre of New Zealand's North Island, cover an area of more than 160000 hectares. This is the largest single continuous area of planted forest in the world. New Zealand has more than four hundred thousand hectares of planted forests.

The most important wood is pine, which grows five times faster in New Zealand than in its native habitat in California, USA.

Questions

1. What is New Zealand called by the Maoris?
2. How many islands is New Zealand made up of?
3. Are there many geysers in New Zealand?
4. What climate has New Zealand? Is it pleasant?
5. What do the people do?
6. What does New Zealand export?
7. What is the capital of the country? What other big cities of New Zealand do you know?
8. Who are the aborigines of New Zealand?
9. Who was Tara according to Maori legend?
10. What unusual bird is found in New Zealand? What are New Zealanders sometimes called in other countries?_____

2.Прочитайте текст и вставьте в каждый пропуск подходящее по смыслу слово из таблицы.

About Myself

Hello,

My (1) ___ is Helen. (2) ___ surname is Smith. I (3) ___ eleven. I am (4) ___ Great Britain. I (5) ___ in Oxford. I (6) ___ a family: my Mother, my Father and two brothers. My (7) ___ is collecting toys. My toys are (8) ___ and funny. I (9) ___ to be a doctor. My mother is a (10) ___ too.

Love, Helen

	a	b	c	d
1	surname	name	hobby	this
2	Her	His	Your	My
3	am	is	are	can
4	in	on	from	at
5	run	go	live	jump
6	has got	get	am	have got
7	fun	hobby	like	picture
8	nice	bad	black	funny
9	have	want	wants	say
10	pilot	pupil	doctor	cosmonaut

Тест №4

1.Переведите выражения на русский язык:

Runny nose , fever ,cough, sore throat, headache, stomachache ,toothache, backache.

2.Переведите выражения на русский язык:

Poor you!!! I hope you are better soon.

I have got a high temperature.

Wendy has got a runny nose.

Carlos has got a sore throat.

3.Переведите с русского на английский:

Зубная боль, головная боль, боль в спине, насморк, жар, высокая температура, кашель,

больное горло

4.Переведите предложения на английский язык:

У меня болит горло.

У него высокая температура.

У Джейн боль в спине.

У Карлоса зубная боль.

У меня головная боль .Бедняжка!! Надеюсь, что ты скоро поправишься.

5.Tag questions

1.She works as a teacher,_____?

2. She can swim and ski, _____ ?
3. They don't work well, _____ ?
4. Your friend can't write English very well, _____ ?
5. They will translate this text the day after tomorrow, _____ ?
6. They were with you, _____ ?
7. She wasn't busy, _____ ?
8. You don't remember his address, _____ ?
9. You are free, _____ ?
10. They didn't answer all these questions yesterday, _____ ?

Tect №5

1. Christopher Columbus was born in:

- a. England;
- b. America;
- c. Spain;
- d. Italy.

2. Christopher Columbus discovered:

- a. Central America;
- b. South America;
- c. North America;
- d. The United States of America.

3. Christopher Columbus discovered America in:

- a. 1402;
- b. 1482;
- c. 1492;
- d. 1392.

4. The flag of USA is called:

- a. Stars;
- b. Stripes;
- c. Union Jack;
- d. The Stars and Stripes.

5. How many stripes are there in the flag:

- a. 50;
- b. 51;
- c. 13;
- d. 21.

6. How many stars are there on the flag:

- a. 51;
- b. 13;
- c. 50;
- d. 7.

7. What was the name of the English ship, which brought first English people to America:

- a. "Plymouth";
- b. "New England";
- c. "Mayflower";

8. There were ... colonies in America in 1733:

- a. 13;
- b. 7;
- c. 21;
- d. 10.

9. The first English settlements appeared in:

- a. North America in the 17th century;
- b. South America in the 17th century;
- c. Central America in the 16th century;

d. America in the 18th century.

10. The first colonists started the tradition of:

- a. Halloween;
- b. Independence Day;
- c. Thanksgiving Day;
- d. Memorial Day.

11. What is the traditional food on Thanksgiving Day:

- a. turkey;
- b. carrots;
- c. cake;
- d. salad.

12. What holiday do Americans celebrate on the 4th of July:

- a. Flag Day;
- b. Father's Day;
- c. Thanksgiving Day;
- d. Independence Day.

13. How did the first English settlements call that part of America where they lived:

- a. New England;
- b. New World;
- c. New America;
- d. North America.

14. Now many hours does the average American sleep a night:

- a. 9 hours;
- b. 7.5 hours;
- c. 8 hours;
- d. 7 hours.

15. The first president of the USA became:

- a. Christopher Columbus;
- b. George Washington;
- c. Bill Clinton;
- d. Abraham Lincoln.

16. How many hours does the average American watch TV a day:

- a. 1 hour;
- b. 4 hours;
- c. 2 hours;
- d. 3 hours.

17. What kind of dinner does "Pot luck" dinner mean:

- a. when the host or a hostess does everything;
- b. when one of the guests brings everything;
- c. when only guests bring something;
- d. when the guests bring something and the host does something.

18. The eagle has:

- a. an olive branch;
- b. a red rose;
- c. a flag;
- d. a dollar.

19. Where are jeans worn nowadays:

- a. in America;
- b. all over the world;
- c. in San Francisco;
- d. in the Wild West.

20. The Statue of Liberty is the symbol of:

- a. peace;
- b. friendship;
- c. strength;

d. love.

21. What is the symbol of strength:

- a. the Statue of Liberty;
- b. the flag;
- c. the olive branch;
- d. the arrows.

22. We can see the eagle:

- a. on the flag;
- b. on the back of 1 dollar bill;
- c. on the White House;
- d. on the back of 100 dollar bill.

23. Where is the capital of the USA situated:

- a. in the state of New York;
- b. in the state of California;
- c. in District of Columbia;
- d. in the state of Alaska.

24. Who is the president of the USA nowadays:

- a. George Washington;
- b. Bill Clinton;
- c. Ronald Ragen;
- d. George Bush.

Тест №6

1. Translate the words into English.

- 1. садоводство
- 2. увлекаться
- 3. хранить
- 4. реклама

2. Find a mistake in the words.

Collecting, cinema, comedi, dancing

3. Put *am, is or are*

- 1. I ... fond of reading.
- 2. The boys ... fond of playing football.
- 3. My mother ... fond of cooking.
- 4. ... your parents fond of reading books?

4. Make up the phrases and write down a sentence.

1. Soap	a) news
2. Favourite	b) film
3. Interesting	c) opera
4. Political	d) programme
5. Popular	e) comedy

5. Choose the right answer.

- 1. Nick ... already ... a teacher (has become/have become).
- 2. Yesterday I ... at 7 o'clock (woke up/have waked).
- 3. They ... their house yet (haven't built/didn't built).
- 4. ... you ever ... to London (did, be/have, been)?

6. Read the text and answer the questions.

Some sports and games the English are fond of

The English is a sport nation. Lots of English people go in for different kinds of sports and are fond of playing sport games. You know, of course, that English boys like to play football and hockey. But do you know what games English girls like to play? In Britain girls usually play netball*. It is basketball for girls. They play hockey, too! Do you know that there are also such games in Great Britain as rugby and cricket? English people like to watch games and sports, too. They come to watch games even if the weather is bad.

*netball – род баскетбола для девочек

1. What sports are more popular among English boys?
2. What sports are more popular among English girls?
3. Are you fond of sports?
4. Can you skate (ski)?
5. Do you like to watch a football game?
6. Are you fond of swimming?

Тест №7

1. Match the words

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. abroad | a. столица |
| 2. square | b. море |
| 3. capital | c. граница |
| 4. thing | d. отель |
| 5. sea | e. площадь |
| 6. town | f. письмо |
| 7. city | g. городок |
| 8. hotel | h. вещь |
| 9. letter | i. страна |
| 10. country | j. город |

2. Choose the right forms of the verbs

1. Last summer we ... to the sea.
a. go b. goes c. went
2. Every winter my friends ... on Sunday.
a. ski b. skied c. skies
3. We did not ... a test yesterday.
a. write b. wrote c. writes
4. Usually I ... a cup of tea and a sandwich for breakfast.
a. has b. have c. had
5. Every summer my friend ... his granny in the country.
a. visited b. visits c. visit

3. Choose the right forms of the adjectives

1. My sister is ... than me.
a. old b. the oldest c. older
2. Our town is ... place in the world.
a. good b. the best c. better
3. My father is ... in our family.
a. the tallest b. tall c. taller
4. This book is ... than that one.
a. interesting b. the most interesting c. more interesting
5. My dog is ... than my cat.
a. Funny b. funnier c. funnyer

4. Complete the sentences using *as* or *than*

1. Moscow is as beautiful ... London.
2. Spring is not so rainy ... autumn.
3. Winter holidays are not so long ... summer holidays.
4. Our house is higher ... his house.
5. Today is sunnier ... it was yesterday.

5. Find and write the odd words out

1. hotel, sea, shop, house, square
2. school, pupil, holidays, bike, classroom
3. London, Moscow, Russia, Paris, Nizhny Novgorod

4. go, write, travel, visit, run, ride
5. capital, country, city, town, cloudy

6. Make up sentences

1. summer/ went/ we/ last/ the/ sea/ to.
2. travelled/ train/ we/ there/ by.
3. we/ at/ hotel/ stayed/ the.
4. a lot/ swam/ sea/ we/ the/ in.
5. had/ very/ a/ time/ good/ there/ we.

7. Use the words in brackets to complete the sentences. If sentences (present/future)

1. If he _____ (be) late he _____ (miss) the train.
2. If I _____ (be) busy tonight, I _____ (call) you.
3. If he _____ (tell) her the truth, she _____ (know) everything.
4. If you _____ (eat) porridge, you _____ (be) healthy.
5. If she _____ (ask) him about it, he _____ (tell) her the truth.